Food and Drug Administration, HHS

cell disorders, such as iron deficiency anemia.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§866.5890 Inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor immunological test system.

- Identification. An inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure immunochemical techniques the interalpha trypsin inhibitor (a protein) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor may aid in the diagnosis of acute bacterial infection and inflammation.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 53 FR 11253, Apr. 6, 1988; 65 FR 2313, Jan. 14, 20001

Subpart G--Tumor **Associated** immunological Test Antigen **Systems**

§866.6010 Tumor-associated antigen immunological test system.

- (a) Identification. A tumor-associated antigen immunological test system is a device that consists of reagents used to qualitatively or quantitatively measure, by immunochemical techniques, tumor-associated antigens in serum, plasma, urine, or other body fluids. This device is intended as an aid in monitoring patients for disease progress or response to therapy or for the detection of recurrent or residual disease.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). Tumor markers must comply with the following special controls: (1) A guidance document entitled "Guidance Document for the Submission of Tumor Associated Antigen Premarket Notifications (510(k)s) to FDA," and (2) voluntary assay performance standards issued by the National Committee on Clinical Laboratory Standards.

[62 FR 66005, Dec. 17, 1997]

§866.6020 Immunomagnetic circulating cancer cell selection and enumeration system.

- Identification.immunomagnetic circulating cancer cell selection and enumeration system is a device that consists of biological probes, fluorochromes, and other reagents; preservation and preparation devices; and a semiautomated analytical instrument to select and count circulating cancer cells in a prepared sample of whole blood. This device is intended for adjunctive use in monitoring or predicting cancer disease progression, response to therapy, and for the detection of recurrent disease.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Immunomagnetic Circulating Cancer Cell Selection and Enumeration System." See §866.1(e) for availability of this guidance document.

[69 FR 26038, May 11, 2004]

PART 868—ANESTHESIOLOGY **DEVICES**

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec

868.1 Scope.

868.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

868.9 Limitations of exemptions from section 510(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act).

Subpart B—Diagnostic Devices

868.1030 Manual algesimeter.

868.1040 Powered algesimeter.

Argon gas analyzer.

868.1100 Arterial blood sampling kit.

868.1120 Indwelling blood oxyhemoglobin concentration analyzer.

868.1150 Indwelling blood carbon dioxide partial pressure (Pco2) analyzer.

868.1170 Indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer.

868.1200 Indwelling blood oxygen partial pressure (Po) analyzer.

868.1400 Carbon dioxide gas analyzer.

Carbon monoxide gas analyzer. 868.1430

Halothane gas analyzer.

868 1500 Enflurane gas analyzer.

868.1575 Gas collection vessel.

868 1640 Helium gas analyzer.

868.1670 Neon gas analyzer.

868.1690 Nitrogen gas analyzer.

868.1620

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	Nitrous oxide gas analyzer.		Nitric oxide administration appa-
	Oxygen gas analyzer. Oxygen uptake computer.	ratu 868 5170	s. Laryngotracheal topical anesthesia
	Pressure plethysmograph.		icator.
	Volume plethysmograph.		Rocking bed.
	Inspiratory airway pressure meter.		Blow bottle.
	Rhinoanemometer.	868.5240	
	Diagnostic spirometer.	868.5250	
	Monitoring spirometer. Peak-flow meter for spirometry.	868.5260 868.5270	
	Gas volume calibrator.	868.5280	
	Pulmonary-function data calcu-	868.5300	
lator		868.5310	
	Predictive pulmonary-function		Reservoir bag.
	e calculator. Diagnostic pulmonary-function in-	868.5330 868.5340	0 0
	retation calculator.	868.5350	
	Esophageal stethoscope.	868.5365	
	Esophageal stethoscope with elec-	mon	ary treatment.
	l conductors.		Heat and moisture condenser (arti-
	Stethoscope head.		ll nose).
	Switching valve (ploss). Water vapor analyzer.	868.5420	Electroanesthesia apparatus. Ether hook.
000.1975	water vapor analyzer.	868.5430	
Su	bpart C—Monitoring Devices	868.5440	
		868.5450	Respiratory gas humidifier.
	Ultrasonic air embolism monitor.	868.5460	Therapeutic humidifier for home
	Bourdon gauge flowmeter. Uncompensated thorpe tube flow-	use.	Hymanhania ahamhan
mete		868.5470 868.5530	0.1
	Compensated thorpe tube flow-	868.5540	
mete		868.5550	
868.2350	Gas calibration flowmeter.	868.5560	Gas mask head strap.
	Breathing frequency monitor.	868.5570	
	Apnea monitor.	868.5580	
	Nitric oxide analyzer. Nitrogen dioxide analyzer.	868.5590 868.5600	0 0
	Lung water monitor.	868.5610	
	Cutaneous carbon dioxide (PcCO ₂)		ary support.
mon	itor.	868.5620	
	Cutaneous oxygen (PcO_2) monitor.		Nebulizer.
	Pneumotachometer.		Medicinal nonventilatory nebulizer
	Airway pressure monitor. Gas pressure gauge.	868.5650	mizer). Esophageal obturator.
	Gas pressure gauge.	868.5655	1 0
	Pressure regulator.	868.5665	
868.2775	Electrical peripheral nerve stimu-	868.5675	
lator		868.5690	
	Differential pressure transducer.	868.5700 868.5710	
	Gas flow transducer. Gas pressure transducer.	868.5720	
000.2500	Gas pressure transducer.	868.5730	
	Subparts D-E [Reserved]	868.5740	
			tion tube.
Su	bpart F—Therapeutic Devices	868.5750 868.5760	Inflatable tracheal tube cuff. Cuff spreader.
868.5090	Emergency airway needle.	868.5770	Tracheal tube fixation device.
868.5100	Nasopharyngeal airway.	868.5780	Tube introduction forceps.
868.5110	Oropharyngeal airway.	868.5790	Tracheal tube stylet.
	Device to relieve acute upper air-	868.5795	Tracheal tube cleaning brush.
	obstruction. Anesthesia conduction catheter.	868.5800 868.5810	Tracheostomy tube and tube cuff. Airway connector.
868.5130	Anesthesia conduction filter.	868.5820	Dental protector.
868.5140	Anesthesia conduction kit.	868.5830	Autotransfusion apparatus.
868.5150	Anesthesia conduction needle.	868.5860	Pressure tubing and accessories.
	Gas machine for anesthesia or anal-	868.5870	Nonrebreathing valve.
gesia	l.	868.5880	Anesthetic vaporizer.

Food and Drug Administration, HHS Continuous ventilator.

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868 5905 Noncontinuous ventilator (IPPR)
868.5915 Manual emergency ventilator.
        Powered emergency ventilator.
868.5925
868.5935 External negative pressure venti-
   lator.
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868.5955 Intermittent mandatory ventila-

tion attachment. 868.5965 Positive end expiratory pressure breathing attachment.

868.5975 Ventilator tubing.

868 5895

868.5995 Tee drain (water trap).

Subpart G—Miscellaneous

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868.6100 Anesthetic cabinet, table, or tray.
868.6175 Cardiopulmonary emergency cart.
868.6225 Nose clip.
868.6250 Portable air compressor.
868.6400 Calibration gas.
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868.6700 Anesthesia stool.

868.6810 Tracheobronchial suction catheter. 868.6820 Patient position support.

868.6885 Medical gas yoke assembly.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 351, 360, 360c, 360e,

Source: 47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§868.1 Scope.

(a) This part sets forth the classification of anesthesiology devices intended for human use that are in commercial distribution.

(b) The identification of a device in a regulation in this part is not a precise description of every device that is, or will be, subject to the regulation. A manufacturer who submits a premarket notification submission for a device under part 807 may not show merely that the device is accurately described by the section title and identification provisions of a regulation in this part, but shall state why the device is substantially equivalent to other devices, as required by §807.87.

- (c) To avoid duplicative listings, an anesthesiology device that has two or more types of uses (e.g., used both as a diagnostic device and as a therapeutic device) is listed only in one subpart.
- (d) References in this part to regulatory sections of the Code of Federal Regulations are to chapter I of title 21, unless otherwise noted.
- (e) Guidance documents referenced in this part are available on the Internet

http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/guidance.html.

[52 FR 17734, May 11, 1987, as amended at 67 FR 76681, Dec. 13, 2002]

§868.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

A device included in this part that is classified into class III (premarket approval) shall not be commercially distributed after the date shown in the regulation classifying the device unless the manufacturer has an approval under section 515 of the act (unless an exemption has been granted under section 520(g)(2) of the act). An approval under section 515 of the act consists of FDA's issuance of an order approving an application for premarket approval (PMA) for the device or declaring completed a product development protocol (PDP) for the device.

(a) Before FDA requires that a device commercially distributed before the enactment date of the amendments, or a device that has been found substantially equivalent to such a device, has an approval under section 515 of the act FDA must promulgate a regulation under section 515(b) of the act requiring such approval, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section. Such a regulation under section 515(b) of the act shall not be effective during the grace period ending on the 90th day after its promulgation or on the last day of the 30th full calendar month after the regulation that classifies the device into class III is effective, whichever is later. See section 501(f)(2)(B) of the act. Accordingly, unless an effective date of the requirement for premarket approval is shown in the regulation for a device classified into class III in this part, the device may be commercially distributed without FDA's issuance of an order approving a PMA or declaring completed a PDP for the device. If FDA promulgates a regulation under section 515(b) of the act requiring premarket approval for a device, section 501(f)(1)(A) of the act applies to the device.

(b) Any new, not substantially equivalent, device introduced into commercial distribution on or after May 28, 1976, including a device formerly marketed that has been substantially altered, is classified by statute (section